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Appl. No. 09/839,044

Reply to Office Action filed: 15 December 2006

Office Action mailed: 16 June 2006

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Listing of the Claims

This listing of claims is provided as a courtesy, and will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

1. (Previously Presented) A method for analyzing motion between two images, comprising:

generating a single channel image for each of two input images according to a

function that measures, for each pixel, occurrence of a desired characteristic, other than

luminance alone, in the input images at each pixel location to provide a single value for

each output pixel in the single channel image from a range of values that represent a

likelihood of the occurrence of the desired characteristic; and

computing an estimate of motion of the desired characteristic between the two images using a gradient-based method and using the single channel images generated for the two input images and using as a constraint that a total of the desired characteristic is constant from one image to a next image.

- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the desired characteristic is edge magnitude.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the desired characteristic is proximity to a color.
- (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:
 processing the input images according to the estimate of motion.
- 5. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 4, further comprising: using the estimate of motion to interpolate between the two images.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein the desired characteristic is edge magnitude.
- (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein the desired characteristic is proximity to a color.

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8. (Previously Presented) An apparatus for analyzing motion between two images, comprising:

means for generating a single channel image for each of two input images according to a function that measures, for each pixel, occurrence of a desired characteristic, other than luminance alone, in the input images at each pixel location to provide a single value for each output pixel in the single channel image from a range of values that represent a likelihood of the occurrence of the desired characteristic; and

means for computing an estimate of motion of the desired characteristic between the two images using a gradient-based method and using the single channel images generated for the two input images and using as a constraint that a total of the desired characteristic is constant from one image to a next image.

- 9. (Original) The apparatus of claim 8, wherein the desired characteristic is edge magnitude.
- (Original) The apparatus of claim 8, wherein the desired characteristic is proximity to a color.
- 11. (Original) The apparatus of claim 8, further comprising:

 means for processing the input images according to the estimate of motion.
- 12. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 11, further comprising:
 means for generating several images interpolate between the two images.
- 13. (Original) The apparatus of claim 11, wherein the desired characteristic is edge magnitude.
- 14. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 11, wherein the desired characteristic is proximity to a color.

15-16. Cancelled.

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- 17. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the gradient-based method comprises computing optical flow for the single channel images.
- 18. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 8, wherein the means for computing using a gradient-based method comprises means for computing optical flow for the single channel images.
- 19. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the gradient-based method comprises computing, for each pixel in an image, a vector that describes the motion for the pixel from one image to the next.
- 20. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 8, wherein the means for computing using a gradient-based method comprises means for computing, for each pixel in an image, a vector that describes the motion for the pixel from one image to the next